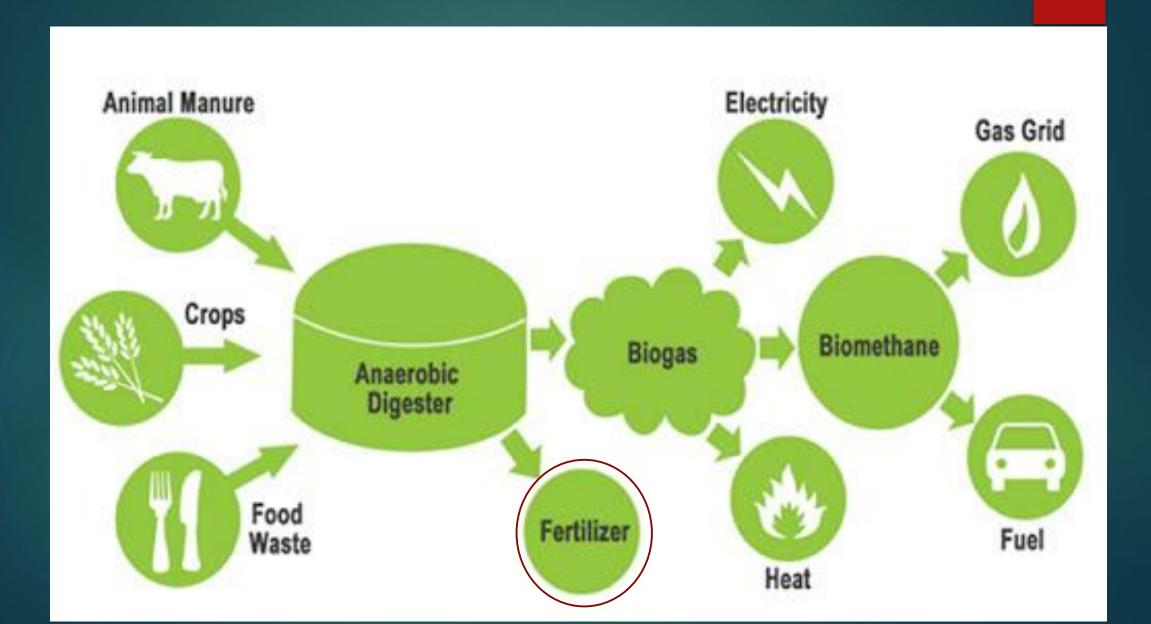
Bio-fertilizer from Biogas

(RE for Agriculture)

KUSHAL GURUNG

Anaerobic Digestion





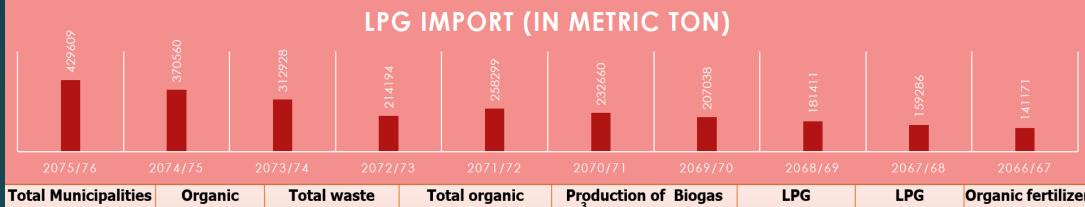


Process: Feed to Fertilizer

- 1. Feeding
 - Mixed feedstock and water (1:1)
 - □ Test- impurities, Volatile Fatty Acid, Total Inorganic Carbon, pH
- 2. Anaerobic digestion process (35-40 days)
 - □ Slurry
- 3. Solid-Liquid separation
 - □ Digestate (70-80% moisture)
- 4. Windrow composting and further enrinchment (40-45 days)
 - ☐ Biochar, Ash, Rapeseed cake, EM, Trichoderma
- 5. Bio-fertilizer
 - per GoN standard- NPK, Micronutrient, Moisture
 - Bagging (indefinite shelf life)

Feedstock to dry fertilizer (6:1)

Opportunities



Total Municipalities (based on 2013)	Organic material (%)	Total waste generation (MT /day)	Total organic fraction (MT/day)	Production of Biogas (m³ per day) & convert to BioCNG	LPG replacement per day (cylinder)	LPG replacement per year	Organic fertilizer per year (MT)
58	60	1,782	1,070	64,000 / 35,280	2,500	912,500	65,000

- Fertilizer demand in Nepal: 700,000 tons annually
- Total chemical fertilizer import is equivalent to Rs 10-15 billion annually
- Last fiscal year, around 30.5 million LPG cylinders were imported, worth Rs. 32.92 billion
- Total no of cows and buffaloes: 1.3 million; Total no of chicken: 600 million
- Total manure production from livestocks: 38,000 MT/day
- Potential Biogas production = 2,280 MT m3/day = 1,254 MT BioCNG m3/day
- 20% of total potential = 250.8 MT BioCNG m3/day = 17,774 LPG cylinder/day = 6.48 million LPG cylinder/year
- Potential Organic fertilizer production = 6,300 MT/day = 2.3 million MT/year

Reduce LPG import by 25%!

स्वच्छ र स्वदेशी



Gandaki Urja Pvt. Ltd